

## AUTO-CAD

### INTRODUCTION TO AUTO-CAD

- AUTOCAD is a drawing package software developed by the company “AUTODESK” in USA .
- It is one of the widely used software for creating drawing easily.
- Generation of geometric modeling along with the Engineering analyze and evaluate the design and produce drawing for manufacturing with the help of computer.
- The first name of this software is “MICROCAD”. Which is evaluated in 1982.
- AutoCad is a command base, non-parametric and low end software. It is the best drawing software.

FILE	EDIT	MODIFY
UCS : User Co-ordinate System		

### FUNCTION OF MOUSE BOTTOM:

#### **MB1 – Left Click**

- It Drags or Move the icons.

#### **MB2 – Middle Scroll**

- It is used for Zoom-In Or Zoom-out of the Object.

#### **MB3 – Right Click**

- It is used for select the icon. It is also shows the Menu option.

## EXPERIMENT NO -01

### AIM OF THE EXPERIMENT

To create a rectangle by using 2D drafting

### THEORY-

A rectangle in a two dimensional plane has 4 corner points which are specified by coordinates. By knowing all coordinates we can construct/ create rectangles in a two dimensional plane by using Auto CAD.

### APPARATUS/SOFTWARE REQUIRED –

1. Auto-Desk-2010

### LIMIT COMMAND :

- 1) Limits ↵
- 2) Specify the lower left corner : 0,0 ↵
- 3) Specify the upper right corner : 297,210 ↵
- 4) Z ↵
- 5) A ↵

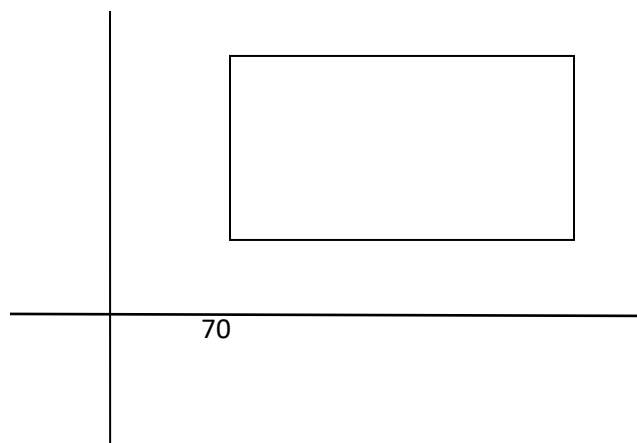
### COMMAND FOR LINE :

1. Line/ L ↵
2. Specify the first point : ( , ) ↵
3. Specify the next point : ( , ) ↵
4. ESC ↵

### PROBLEM -3 (To create a rectangle of size-30 ' x 40')

#### PROCEDURE-80

1. Line ↵
2. 30, 50 ↵
3. 70, 50 ↵50
4. 70, 80 ↵
5. 30, 80 ↵30
6. 30, 50 ↵



### CONCLUSION -

We successfully draw a rectangle by using 2D drafting where the co-ordinates of the rectangles are (30, 50), (70, 50), (70, 80) and (30, 80). One can take other co-ordinates and draw the rectangle also.

## EXPERIMENT NO -02

### AIM OF THE EXPERIMENT

Create a Circle by using 2D drafting

### THEORY-

A Circle in a two dimensional plane has a fixed radius/diameter and its centre has specified by coordinates. By knowing its centre coordinates and radius/diameter we can construct/create Circle in a two dimensional plane by using Auto CAD.

### APPARATUS/SOFTWARE REQUIRED –

1. Auto-Desk-2010

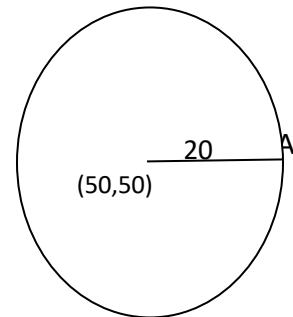
### COMMAND FOR CIRCLE :

- 1) Circle / C ↵
- 2) Specify the center of circle ↵
- 3) Specify the radius or Diameter of the circle ↵
- 4) Specify the value of R / D of the circle ↵

**PROBLEM :** (Create a Circle/draw a circle of  $\phi$  40)

### PROCEDURE –

1. C ↵
2. 50, 50 ↵
3. 20 ↵

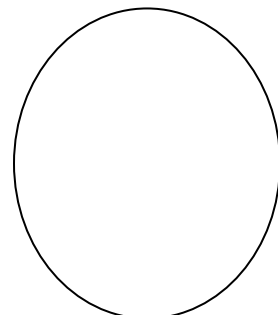


### COMMAND FOR 2P ( P = Point ) CIRCLE :

- 1) Circle / C ↵
- 2) Specify the circle center (2P, 3P, TTR) ↵
- 3) 2P ) ↵
- 4) Specify the first point ↵
- 5) Specify the second point ↵

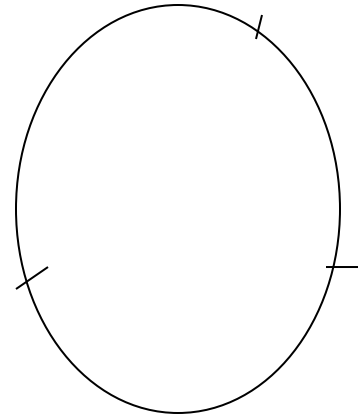
**PROBLEM :** To Create/draw 2P Circle of  $\phi$ 60)

1. C ↵
2. 2P ↵ (20,40) (80,40)
3. (20, 40) ↵
4. (80, 40) ↵



### **COMMAND FOR 3P ( P = Point ) CIRCLE :**

- 1) Circle / C ↵
- 2) Specify the circle center (2P, 3P, TTR)↵(55,75)
- 3) 3P )↵
- 4) Specify the first point ↵
- 5) Specify the second point ↵
- 6) Specify the third point ↵



**PROBLEM :** To Create /draw a 3P circle of  $\phi 50$ (30,50)(80,50)

1. C ↵
2. 3P ↵
3. (30, 50) ↵
4. (80, 50) ↵
5. (55, 75) ↵

### **COMMAND FOR TTR (Tangent, Tangent, Radius)**

- 1) Circle/ C ↵
- 2) TTR ↵
- 3) Specify the first tangent on the circle ↵
- 4) Specify the second tangent on circle.↵
- 5) Specify the radius on the circle ↵

**PROBLEM :** Create a Circle TTR (Tangent, Tangent, Radius)

- 1) C ↵
- 2) TTR ↵
- 3) Select the first tangent on the circle ↵
- 4) Select the second tangent on the circle.↵
- 5) Radius found ↵

### **CONCLUSION –**

We successfully draw a Circle by using 2D drafting where ...

- i. Radius and coordinate of centre are given.
- ii. any arbitrary 2 points on the circumference of the circle are given .
- iii. any arbitrary 3 points on the circumference of the circle are given .
- iv. any 2 tangents are given and from it we can found the radius of the circle.

### AIM OF THE EXPERIMENT

Create a Polygon by using 2D drafting.

### THEORY-

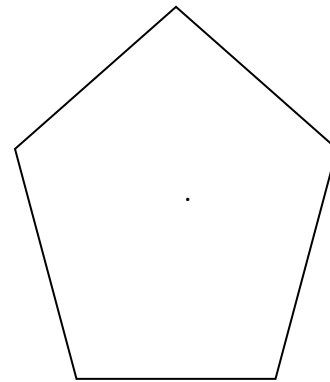
A Polygon of various no. of sides can be created /drawn if the centres of the polygon and no of sides are specified. We can also inscribe or circumscribe a circle in the polygon in a two dimensional plane by using Auto CAD.

### APPARATUS/SOFTWARE REQUIRED –

1. Auto-Desk-2010

### COMMAND FOR POLYGON

1. Polygon ↵
2. Enter no of sides ↵
3. Specify centre of polygon ↵
4. Specify inscribed or circumscribed ↵
5. Specify radius of the circle ↵



### PROBLEM-(To draw a Polygon of any size)

1. Polygon ↵
2. 5 ↵
3. 50,50 ↵
4. I or C ↵
5. 30 ↵

### CONCLUSION –

We have successfully drawn a Polygon using 2D drafting where no. of sides is 5 and its centre coordinates (50, 50), having circle of radius 30 inscribed in the polygon.

## AIM OF THE EXPERIMENT

### Dimensioning a rectangle / Circle/ Polygon

## THEORY-

In this case **corner coordinates of any rectangle, centre coordinates and radius of the circle and no of sides and circle inscribed or circumscribed on a polygon** are given then we can make necessary dimensioning of the side of the rectangle, centre, diameter / radius of a circle and the distance (dimension) of any sides of the polygon in a two dimensional plane by using Auto CAD.

## APPARATUS/SOFTWARE REQUIRED –

1. Auto-Desk-2010

## COMMAND FOR RECTANGLE

1. Rectangle
2. Specify 1<sup>st</sup> corner of the rectangle : ( , ) ↵
3. Specify the 2<sup>nd</sup> corner corner of the rectangle : ( , ) ↵
4. Select dimension linear : ( , ) ↵(150,125)

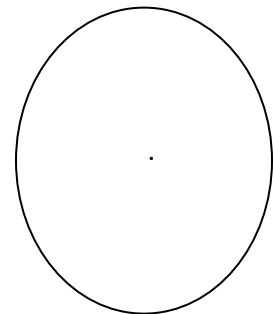


## PROBLEM-

1. Rectangle ↵
2. 50, 50 ↵
3. 150, 125 ↵(50,50)
4. Select dimension –Linear ↵
5. Specify 1<sup>st</sup> selection line origin ↵selected
6. Specify 2<sup>nd</sup> extension line origin ↵

## COMMAND FOR CIRCLE :

- 1) Circle / C ↵
- 2) Specify the center of circle ↵
- 3) Specify the radius or Diameter of the circle ↵
- 4) Specify the value of R / D of the circle ↵

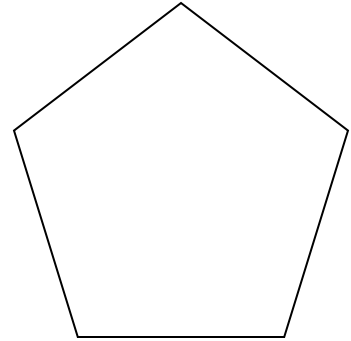


## PROBLEM :(Dimensioning of a circle)

1. C ↵
2. Specify the center and radius ↵
3. Select the dimension–radius ↵
4. Select Arc or circle ↵

## **COMMAND FOR POLYGON**

1. Polygon ↵
2. Enter no of sides ↵
3. Specify centre of polygon ↵
4. Specify inscribed or circumscribed ↵
5. Specify radius of the circle ↵



## **PROBLEM-(To draw a Polygon of any size)**

1. Polygon ↵
2. 5 ↵
3. Specify the centre of the polygon ↵
4. I or C ↵
5. 30 ↵
6. Specify the radius of the circle ↵
7. Select dimension –Linear ↵
8. Specify 1<sup>st</sup> selection line origin ↵
9. Specify 2<sup>nd</sup> extension line origin ↵

## **CONCLUSION –**

We successfully dimensioning a rectangle , Circle and Polygon.

## AIM OF THE EXPERIMENT

### Commands essential for creating 2D drawing

## THEORY-

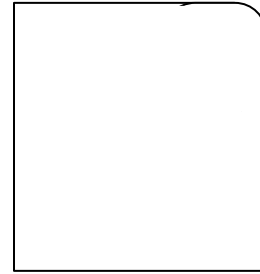
In this case we are required to smoothening out one corner/edge of required radius of curvature by using 2D drawing of a Square/Rectangle. Further we can also draw an exact replica (mirror) of a given figure or an object. Similarly we can make/draw Ellipse and Chamfer of an Object etc. by using Auto CAD Command.

## APPARATUS/SOFTWARE REQUIRED --R-2

1. Auto-Desk-2010

## COMMAND FOR FILLET :

- 1) Fillet / F ↵
- 2) Radius / R ↵
- 3) Specify the radius value ↵
- 4) Specify or select the first line of the first object ↵
- 5) Specify or select the second line of the first object ↵



## PROBLEM:

### Choose / make a rectangular whose one corner is smoothed/Fillet radius 2

1. F ↵
2. R ↵
3. 2 ↵
4. Specify or select the first line of the first object ↵
5. Specify or select the second line of the first object ↵

## COMMAND FOR MIRROR(rectangle, circle etc) :

- 1) Mirror / MI ↵
- 2) Select the object ↵
- 3) Select the first end point of the mirror line ↵
- 4) Select the second end point of the mirror line ↵



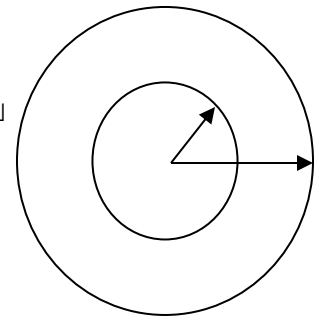
**PROBLEM:(Choose an object)**

**Make an exact Replica of an Object/Figure.**

1. Mirror↵
2. Select the object ↵
3. Select the first and point of the mirror↵
4. Select the second and point of the mirror↵

**COMMAND FOR DONUT :**

- 1) DONUT ↵
- 2) Specify the inside diameter : ( , ) ↵
- 3) Specify the outside diameter : ( , ) ↵
- 4) Select the position for Donut / Specify the center point of donut ↵



**PROBLEM:**

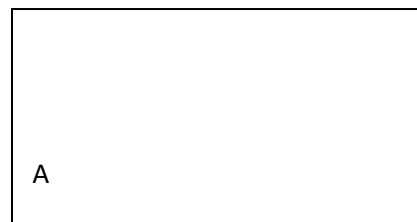
1. Do Nut↵
2. 40↵
3. 60↵
4. Select the position for Do nut↵

**COMMAND FOR RECTANGLE :**

- 1) Rectangle ↵
- 2) Specify the first corner of the rectangle : [ (0,0)/ (x1, y1)]↵
- 3) Specify the second corner of the rectangle : [ (x2,y2)/ (x3, y3)]↵
- 4) ESC ↵

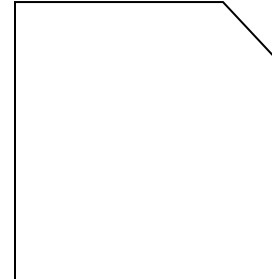
**PROBLEM:**(150,75)

1. Rectangle↵
2. (50,50)↵
3. (150, 75)↵
4. ESC ↵(50,50)



### **COMMAND FOR CHAMFER :**

- 1) Chamfer / CHA ↵
- 2) Specify the chamfer distance i.e. D ↵
- 3) Specify the first chamfer distance ( , ) ↵
- 4) Specify the second chamfer distance ( , ) ↵



### **PROBLEM:**

Draw a Rectangle

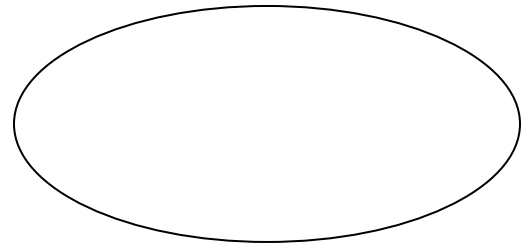
1. CHA ↵
2. 6 ↵
3. 2 ↵
4. 4 ↵

### **COMMAND FOR ELLIPSE :**

- 1) Ellipse ↵
- 2) Specify the center point of the ellipse ( , ) ↵
- 3) Specify the major axis of the ellipse ( , ) ↵
- 4) Specify the minor axis of the ellipse ( , ) ↵

OR

1. Toll bar >Ellipse > click over ellipse >
2. Define major axis ( , ) ↵
3. Define minor axis ( , ) ↵



**PROBLEM:** Draw an Ellipse

1. Ellipse ↵
2. 50,50 ↵
3. 150,75 ↵
4. 100,25 ↵

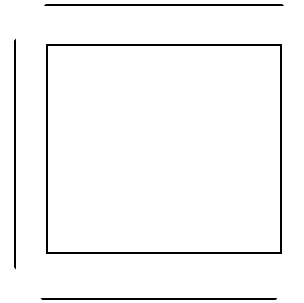
### **COMMAND FOR OFFSET :**

1. O ↵
2. Specify the offset distance : ( , ) ↵
3. Select the line ↵
4. Choose the side for offsetting the line and click here ↵

### **PROBLEM:**

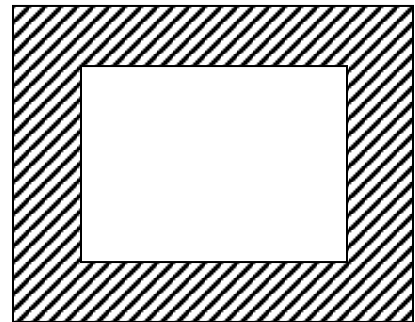
Make an offset for a rectangle

1. 0 ↵
2. 5 ↵
3. Select the line ↵
4. Choose the side of the offsetting ↵



### **COMMAND FOR HATCHING:**

1. Hatch ↵
2. Click over add : pick a point ↵
3. Hatch type (Predefined) ↵
4. Select pattern of hatch ↵
5. Preview , OK ↵



### **PROBLEM :**

1. Hatch ↵
2. Pick a point ↵
3. Hatch type (select from table) ↵
4. Select pattern of hatch ↵
5. Preview OK ↵

### **COMMAND FOR TEXT :**

1. Text ↵
2. Specify the starting point of the text ↵
3. Specify the text height ↵
4. Specify the rotation angle of text ↵
5. Writing text ↵

### **PROBLEM:**

1. Text ↵
2. Specify the starting point of ↵
3. Specify the text height ↵
4. Specify the rotation angle of text ↵
5. Writing text ↵

### **COMMAND FOR VERTICAL LINE :**

1. XL ↵
2. V ↵
3. Place the vertical line ↵

### **PROBLEM:**

1. XL ↵
2. V ↵
3. Selected the vertical line ↵



### **COMMAND FOR HORIZONTAL LINE:**

1. XL ↵
2. H ↵
3. Place the horizontal line ↵

### **PROBLEM:**

1. XL ↵
2. H ↵
3. Selected the horizontal line ↵



### **CONCLUSION –**

We successfully know the various essential commands for creating 2D drawing.

## **EXPERIMENT NO -06**

### **AIM OF THE EXPERIMENT**

**Create/draw a Screw Jack by using 2D drafting**

### **THEORY-COMMANDS USED**

### **APPARATUS/SOFTWARE REQUIRED –**

1. Auto-Desk-2010

### **COMMAND USED FOR MAKING A SCREW JACK:**

1. Line command ↵
2. Circle command ↵
3. Hatching command ↵
4. OSNAP command ↵
5. ORTHO command ↵
6. OFFSET command ↵
7. Method of increment ↵
8. Fillet command ↵

### **PROBLEM:**

### **CONCLUSION –**

We successfully draw a screw jack using 2D drafting.